

Name _____ Index No. _____

1918/203

1919/203

TOURISTIC HISTORY

July 2015

Time: 3 hours

Candidate's Signature _____

Date _____



THE KENYA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL

**CRAFT CERTIFICATE IN TOUR GUIDING OPERATIONS
CRAFT CERTIFICATE IN TOUR GUIDING AND
TRAVEL OPERATIONS
MODULE II**

TOURISTIC HISTORY

3 hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your name and index number in the spaces provided above.

Sign and write the date of examination in the spaces provided above.

This paper consists of TWO sections; A and B.

Answer ALL questions in section A and any FOUR questions in section B in the spaces provided in this question paper.

All questions carry equal marks.

Do NOT remove any pages from this question paper.

Candidates should answer the questions in English.

For Examiner's Use Only

Section	Question	Maximum Score	Candidate's Score
A	1 - 10	32	
B		17	
		17	
		17	
		17	
Total Score		100	

This paper consists of 16 printed pages.

Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all the pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.

SECTION A: (32 marks)

Answer ALL questions in this section.

1. Define the meaning of the following terms as used in touristic history. (3 marks)

(i) Anthropology

(ii) Archives

(iii) Aegyptopithecus

2. Identify **three** methods that were used by scientists to date fossil remains. (3 marks)

3. African communities migrated to the East African region for various reasons. As a tour guide outline **four** such reasons for migration and settlement of the Bantus in East Africa. (4 marks)

8. Prehistoric sites contribute significantly to tourism development in Kenya. Identify **four** strategies that should be used to make them self-sustaining. (4 marks)

9. List **three** prehistoric sites that are found in the Rift Valley tourism circuit. (3 marks)

10. Highlight **three** factors that affected the development of tourism in East Africa during the Portuguese period between 1490-1700 AD. (3 marks)

SECTION B: (68 marks)

Answer any FOUR questions from this section.

11. (a) As a tour guide briefing a group of tourists on the concept of African hospitality during the pre-colonial period, explain **six** factors that may have undermined this concept in the modern society. (9 marks)
- (b) Highlight **four** ways in which Homo-erectus developed to adapt to his immediate environment. (8 marks)
12. (a) The growth of towns in the pre-independence period played a significant role in the lives of the local population. Explain **six** ways in which urbanization contributed to the development of tourism in Kenya. (9 marks)
- (b) Archeologists have played a significant role in the development of touristic sites in Kenya. Explain **four** shortcomings of archeology as a source of tourism information. (8 marks)
13. (a) Historical sites have become important domestic destinations in Kenya. Highlight **six** factors that have limited the excavation of these sites. (9 marks)
- (b) Rites of passage were of great value in the lives of African youths. Explain **four** reasons why they were celebrated. (8 marks)
14. (a) The Indian Ocean trade has remained a major historical event that took place along the East African coast. Highlight **six** roles of this trade in the development of tourism in the region. (9 marks)
- (b) Most tourists are amazed by the holistic nature of the African traditional education. Outline the contribution of this type of education on the lives of young people in the society. (8 marks)
15. (a) Homosapiens man is closely associated with modern man in most aspects. Highlight **six** similarities between the two. (9 marks)
- (b) The curator of a popular cultural centre in your locality has invited you to give a talk to foreign tourists on ways of celebrating the birth of babies among coastal communities. Outline **four** child birth practices that should form part of the talk. (8 marks)