DEMONSTRATE NUMERACY SKILLS

UNIT CODE: BUS/OS/AC/BC/02/6

UNIT DESCRIPTION:

This unit describes the competencies required by a worker in order to apply a wide range of mathematical calculations for work; apply ratios, rates and proportions to solve problems; estimate, measure and calculate measurement for work; Use detailed maps to plan travel routes for work; Use geometry to draw and construct 2D and 3D shapes for work; Collect, organize and interpret statistical data; Use routine formula and algebraic expressions for work and use common functions of a scientific calculator

ELEMENT	PERFORMANCE CRITERIA
These describe the	These are assessable statements which specify the required level of
key outcomes	performance for each of the elements.
which make up	Bold and italicized terms are elaborated in the Range.
workplace function.	×C
1. Apply a wide	1.1 Mathematical information embedded in a range of workplace
range of	tasks and texts is extracted
mathematical	1.2 Mathematical information is interpreted and comprehended
calculations for	1.3 A range of mathematical and problem solving processes are
work	select and used
	1.4 Different forms of fractions, decimals and percentages are
	flexibly used
	1.5 Calculation performed with positive and negative numbers
	1.6 Numbers are expressed as powers and roots and are used in
	calculations
	1.7 Calculations done using routine formulas
	1.8 Estimation and assessment processes are used to check outcome
	1.9 Mathematical language is used to discuss and explain the
	processes, results and implications of the task
2. Use and apply	2.1 Information regarding ratios, rates and proportions extracted
ratios, rates and	from a range of workplace tasks and texts
proportions for	2.2 Mathematical information related to ratios, rate and proportions
work	is analyzed.
	2.3 Problem solving processes are used to undertake the task
	2.4 Equivalent ratios and rates are simplified
	2.5 Quantities are calculated using ratios, rates and proportions

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

		2.6 Graphs, charts or tables are constructed to represent ratios, rates
		and proportions
		2.7 The outcomes reviewed and checked
		2.8 Information is record using mathematical language and symbols
3.	Estimate, measure and	3.1 Measurement information embedded in workplace texts and tasks are extracted and interpreted
	calculate measurement	3.2 Appropriate workplace measuring equipment are identified and selected
	for work	3.3 Accurate measurements are estimate and made
		3.4 The area of 2D shapes including compound shapes are calculated
		3.5 The volume of 3D shapes is calculated using relevant formulas3.6 Sides of right angled triangles are calculated using Pythagoras' theorem
		3.7 conversions are perform between units of measurement
		3.8 Problem solving processes are used to undertake the task
		3.9 The measurement outcomes are reviewed and checked
		3.10 Information is recorded using mathematical language and
		symbols appropriate for the task
4.	Use detailed	4.1 Different types of maps are identified and interpreted
	maps to plan	4.2 Key features of maps are identified
	travel routes for	4.3 Scales are identified and interpreted
	work	4.4 Scales are applied to calculate actual distances
		4.5 Positions or locations are determined using directional
		information
		4.6 Routes are planned by determining directions and calculating distances, speeds and times
		4.7 Information is gathered and identified and relevant factors
		related to planning a route checked
		4.8 Relevant equipment is select and checked for accuracy and
		operational effectiveness
		4.9 Task is planned and recorded using specialized mathematical
		language and symbols appropriate for the task
5.	Use geometry to	5.1 A range of 2D shapes and 3D shapes and their uses in work
	draw 2D shapes	contexts is identified
	and construct	5.2 Features of 2D and 3D shapes are named and described
	3D shapes for	5.3 Types of angles in 2D and 3D shapes are identified
i	work	5.4 Angles are drawn, estimated and measured using geometric
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	5.5 Angle properties of 2D shapes are named and identified
	5.6 Angle properties are used to evaluate unknown angles in shapes
	5.7 Properties of perpendicular and parallel lines are applied to
	shapes
	5.8 Understanding and use of symmetry is demonstrated
	5.9 Understanding and use of similarity is demonstrated
	5.10 The workplace tasks and mathematical processes required are
	identified
	5.11 2D shapes is drawn for work
	5.12 3D shapes is constructed for work
	5.13 The outcomes are reviewed and checked
	5.14 Specialized mathematical language and symbols appropriate
	for the task are used
6. Collect,	6.1 Workplace issue requiring investigation are identified
organize, and	6.2 Audience / population / sample unit is determined
interpret	6.3 Data to be collected is identified
statistical data	6.4 Data collection method is selected
for work	6.5 Appropriate statistical data is collected and organized
	6.6 Data is illustrated in appropriate formats
	6.7 The effectiveness of different types of graphs are compared
	6.8 The summary statistics for collected data is calculated
	6.9 The results / findings are interpreted
	6.10 Data is checked to ensure that it meets the expected results and
	content
	6.11 Information from the results including tables, graphs and
	summary statistics is extracted and interpreted
	6.12 Mathematical language and symbols are used to report results
	of investigation
7. Use routine	7.1 Understanding of informal and symbolic notation, representation
formula and	and conventions of algebraic expressions is demonstrated
algebraic	7.2 Simple algebraic expressions and equations are developed
expressions for	7.3 Operate on algebraic expressions
work	7.4 Algebraic expressions are simplified
	7.5 Substitution into simple routine equations is done
	7.6 Routine formulas used for work tasks are identified and
	comprehended
	7.7 Routine formulas are evaluate by substitution
	7.8 Routine formulas transposed
	7.9 Appropriate formulas are identified and used for work related
	1.5 repropriate formatias are identified and used for work felated

	tasks 7.10Outcomes are checked and result of calculation used
8. Use common functions of a scientific calculator for work	 8.1 Required numerical information to perform tasks is located 8.2 The order of operations and function keys necessary to solve mathematical calculation are determined 8.3 Function keys on a scientific calculator are identified and used 8.4 Estimations are referred to check reasonableness of problem solving process 8.5 Appropriate mathematical language, symbols and conventions are used to report results

RANGE

This section provides work environments and conditions to which the performance criteria apply. It allows for different work environments and situations that will affect performance.

Variable	Range
Geometry includes but not limited to:	May include but not limited to: Scale drawing Triangles Simple solid Round Square Rectangular Triangle Sphere Cylinder Cube Polygons Cuboids

REQUIRED SKILLS AND KNOWLEDGE

This section describes the skills and knowledge required for this unit of competency.

Required Skills

The individual needs to demonstrate the following skills:

• Applying Fundamental operations (addition, subtraction, division, multiplication)

- Using calculator
- Using different measuring tools

Required knowledge

The individual needs to demonstrate knowledge of:

- Types of common shapes
- Differentiation between two dimensional shapes / objects
- Formulae for calculating area and volume
- Types and purpose of measuring instruments
- Units of measurement and abbreviations
- Fundamental operations (addition, subtraction, division, multiplication)
- Rounding techniques
- Types of fractions
- Different types of tables and graphs
- Meaning of graphs, such as increasing, decreasing, and constant value
- Preparation of basic data, tables & graphs

EVIDENCE GUIDE

This provides advice on assessment and must be read in conjunction with the performance criteria, required skills and knowledge and range.

1. Critical aspects of	Assessment requires evidence that the candidate :
Competency	1.1 Applied a wide range of mathematical calculations for work
	1.2 Demonstrated the ability to use and apply ratios, rates and
	proportions for work
	1.3 Estimated, measured and calculated measurement for work
	1.4 Demonstrated the ability to use detailed maps to plan travel routes for work
	1.5 Demonstrated the ability to use geometry to draw 2D shapes and construct 3D shapes for work
	1.6 Collected, organized, and interpreted statistical data for work
	1.7 Demonstrated the ability to use routine formula and algebraic
	expressions for work.
2. Resource Implications	2.1 Calculator
	1.2 Basic measuring instruments
3. Methods of Assessment	Competency may be assessed through:
	3.1 Written Test
	3.2 Interview/Oral Questioning
	3.3 Demonstration
4. Context of Assessment	Competency may be assessed in an off the job setting

5. Guidance information for	Holistic assessment with other units relevant to the industry sector,
assessment	workplace and job role is recommended.

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