SET UP RECIRCULATING AQUACULTURE SYSTEM (RAS)

UNIT CODE: AQ/OS/AT/CR/07/6/B

UNIT DESCRIPTION

This unit specifies the competencies required to set up recirculating aquaculture system. It involves conducting RAS food safety risk assessment, developing RAS food safety risk management plan, designing a small-scale Recirculating Aquaculture System (RAS), supervising construction of RAS facility, setting up bio-security measures, maintaining RAS facility, evaluating RAS set up, and exiting project site.

ELEMENT		PERFORMANCE CRITERIA
These describe the		These are assessable statements which specify the required level
key outcomes which		of performance for each of the elements.
make	up workplace	
function	on.	Bold and italicized terms are elaborated in the Range
		1.1 Food safety <i>Hazards</i> in RAS are identified and
1.	Conduct	documented.
	RAS Food	1.2 Possible <i>sources</i> of physical, chemical and microbial
	safety risk	contamination in RAS are identified based on the hazards
	assessment	1.3 Level of risk in the RAS is assessed and established as per
		manual standard operating standards
2.	Develop RAS food safety risk management plan	 2.1 <i>Preventive measures</i> for RAS hazards are established as per identified source of contamination and manual standard operating standards 2.2 <i>Corrective measures</i> for RAS hazards are established as per identified source of contamination and manual standard operating standards 2.3 Standard operating procedures for correcting and preventing RAS risks are developed based on the identified risks. 2.4 RAS food safety status is evaluated based on statutory requirements and standards 2.5 Risk is communicated as per policies for internal and external communication 2.6 Approval and certification of RAS is sought from relevant certification bodies based on <i>statutory requirements</i> and standards
3.	Design a	3.1 Proposed site is assessed to establish availability of basic
	small-scale	amenities and infrastructure in relation to client
	Recirculating	expectations
	Aquaculture	3.2 Size of facility is determined based on number of fish to be
		cultured and budget ceiling

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S	ystem	3 Components and supporting systems	of the RAS system are
(]	RAS)	determined based on available amenit	ies and infrastructure
		4 Layout of specific <i>components of</i> A	RAS is determined in
		accordance with human movement	and surrounding land
		gradient	C
		5 Mechanical and biological filter sy	stems are designed
		based on water flow rates and fish	stocking densities
		6 Waste disposal system is designed	in accordance with
		environmental regulations and ider	tified food safety risks
		7 Bills of Ouantities are prepared ac	cording to system
		requirements and available budget	8
4. S	upervise	. 1 PPEs are identified and gathered a	s per task
С	onstruction	requirements	r · · · ·
0	of RAS	. 2 Tools. equipment. food grade mat	erials and supplies are
fa	acility	identified and gathered based on ta	sk requirements.
	5	. 3 <i>Skilled manpower</i> is identified and	l engaged based on the
		nature of works to be undertaken	0.0
		4 Site is secured and cleared of unwa	unted vegetation and
		debris	
		5 RAS shed is constructed following	design specifications
		6 Fixed components <i>ancillary units</i>	and <i>nlumbing works</i>
		are set up based on facility designs	
		7 Portable components are installed	and pipe connections
		carried out following designed law	una pipe connections
		8 Waste disposal system is set up in	compliance with
		environmental regulations	
		9 Basic civil works are undertaken ju	accordance with
		design specifications	
		10 Specific components of the RAS s	vstem are singly and
		collectively tested to check for fu	octionality
		11 Defects are rectified using standard	1 procedures
5 5	et un bio-	1 Footbaths are installed at batchery	entrances and other
5. 5	ecurity	strategic points	chtranees and other
n	neasures	2 Ouarantine facilities are constructed	d at safe distance as
11	licasures	2 Qualantine facilities are constructed outlined in the hatchery designs	d at sale distance as
		3 Filtration systems for the incoming	water are installed
		A Derimeter fence is constructed arou	, water are instance
		5 Intruder control facilities and dev	<i>ices</i> are installed at
		strategic points	ites are instance at
		6 Visitors equipment and materials	entering the facility are
		screened in accordance with form	noning the facility are
6 1	Laintain	Maintenance to da convinue and an	I materials are
		1.1 <i>Intainienance iools, equipment and</i>	<i>i maieriais</i> are
K	AS lacinty	assembled as per the task requireme	ints

	6.2 Water flow rate into tanks or ponds is regulated based on species cultured, stage of development and water quality
	6.3 RAS facility is cleaned and disinfected as per the standard sanitary operating procedures
	6.4 Water quality parameter ranges are maintained within optimum levels
	6.5 Maintenance and repairs of RAS components are carried out based on identified faults
	6.6 Wastes from the RAS system are disposed of according to
	environmental regulations and identified food safety risks
7. Evaluate	7.1 Set up is evaluated based on food safety standards
RAS set up	7.2 RAS set up is approved for compliance to statutory
	requirements by relevant authorities
8. Exit project	8.3 Recyclable materials and supplies are stored based on
site	manufacturer's instructions.
	8.4 Non-recyclable materials are disposed of in regard to
	environmental protection regulations.
	8.5 Tools and equipment are cleaned and stored as per
	workplace procedures.
	8.6 Project completion report is prepared and disseminated
	as per workplace procedures.
	8.7 Completed structures are handed over to the client

RANGE

This section provides work environments and conditions to which the performance criteria apply. It allows for different work environments and situations that will affect performance.

Variable		Range
1.	Hazards may	Physical
	include but not	Chemical
	limited to:	 Accumulation of nitrogenous compounds
		\circ Heavy metals
		Microbial
		\circ Sick fish
		\circ Parasites
		\circ Viruses
		o Bacteria
2.	Sources of hazards	• Poor feeding
	may include but	• Poor feed quality
	not limited to:	• Poor water quality
		• Poor personnel hygiene and health
		Cleaning agents

3.	Preventive measures may include but not limited to:	 Flushing process Cleaning of sedimentation units Good water quality Sanitary measures Disease management Parasite control Use of quality feed Good hygienic practices Biosecurity measures Probiotics Disposal of contaminated fish
т.	measures may include but not limited to:	 Disposal of containinated fish Fish disease treatment Water flow management Sterilization of RAS Control feeding process
5.	Statutory requirements may include but not limited to:	 Compliance to standards and regulations Kenya Fisheries Service County Government The Fisheries Management and Development Act No.35 of 2016. The Codex Alimentarius Food Hygiene Basic Texts; The Food Drugs and Chemical Substances Act Cap. 254 of the Laws of the Kenya; The Pest Control Products Act, Cap. 346 of the Laws of Kenya; The Public Health Act, Cap. 242 of the Laws of Kenya; The Environmental Management and Coordination Act, 1999.
6.	Amenities may include but not limited to:	 Power supply Piped water Road network Internet connectivity
7.	Components of RAS may include but not limited to	• Fish growing tanks, Filtration system, Water circulation pump, Water heating system, Quarantine tanks, aeration and accessories, Water storage tanks, intake structure, fish culture tanks, lighting systems, aeration system, filtration system, drainage, water flow control structures, biosecurity installations

8.	PPE's may include but not limited to	• Gum boots, helmets, goggles, gloves, overalls, first aid kits
9.	Tools, equipment, materials and supplies may include but not limited to:	 Tools-tape measure, spirit level, jembes, spades, pangas, plumbing tools, masonry Equipment-plate compactors and rollers, wheelbarrows, aeration equipment, filtration Materials and supplies-ropes, liners, pegs, plumbing materials, lime, cement, sand, roofing materials, fencing wire, fittings, assorted screens,
10.	Skilled manpower may include but not limited to	 Masons Plumbers Electricians Painter Carpenter Welders and fabricators
11.	Ancillary units may include but not limited to	 Back-up power supply, Fish feed Stores Office Water storage tanks Filtration facilities Pump house Generator room Staff houses Equipment stores
12.	Portable components may include but not limited to	 Plastic tanks Aeration equipment Filters Water pumps Water heaters
13.	Basic civil works may include but limited to	 Landscaping Walkways Gate installation Parking area Perimeter fencing Access roads

REQUIRED SKILLS AND KNOWLEDGE

This section describes the skills and knowledge required for this unit of competency.

Required Skills

The individual needs to demonstrate the following skills:

- Food safety risk assessment
- communication
- Training
- Use of tools and equipment
- Measurement
- Drawing and sketching
- Communication
- Basic first aid
- Interpretation of simple hatchery design
- Masonry
- Basic plumbing
- Budgeting
- Plumbing

Required Knowledge

The individual needs to demonstrate knowledge of:

- Food safety Standards
- Hazard Analysis Critical Control Points (HACCP)
- Regulatory bodies/ Competent authorities
- Food Safety Hazards in Aquaculture
- Good aquaculture practices
- Good hygiene practices
- Safety precautions
- Principles of food hygiene
- National legislations and regulations
- National legislations and regulations
- Types of tools, equipment and PPEs
- Budgeting
- Microbiology
- Basic chemistry
- Water quality
- Water filtration mechanisms
- Disease causing pathogens
- RAS design, layout and construction

EVIDENCE GUIDE

This provides advice on assessment and must be read in conjunction with the performance criteria, required skills and knowledge and range.

1.	Critical	Assessment requires evidence that the candidate:
	Aspects of	
	Competency	1.1 Developed RAS food safety risk management plan
		1.2 Identified a suitable location for the RAS facility

		1.3 Determined the required components and supporting
		systems of the RAS system
		1.4 Designed a functional layout of the RAS facility
		1.5 Designed a workable filtration and waste disposal
		system
		1.6 Prepared Bills of Quantities and worked out RAS cost
		estimates
		1.7 Supervised construction of RAS facility and installation of functional parts
		1.8 Set up an environmentally friendly waste disposal
		system
		1.9 Installed biosecurity structures
		1.10Tested RAS system components singly and collectively
		for defects and rectified accordingly.
		1.11 Cleaned and disinfected RAS facility as per the
		standard sanitary operating procedures
		1.12 Disposed of wastes from the RAS system are
		according to NEMA regulations
		1.13 Screened visitors, equipment and materials entering
		the RAS facility.
2.	Resource	The following resources must be provided:
	Implications	
		2.1 Workplace or assessment location
		2.2 PPEs
		2.3 Tools, equipment and materials
		2.4 Pond construction materials
		2.5 Building materials
		2.6 Writing materials
3.	Methods of	Competency may be assessed through:
	Assessment	2.1 Observation
		2.2 Oral questioning
		3.2 Oral questioning
		3.5 Flojects
		2.5 Dortfolio of Evidence
		3.6 Interview
		3.7 Third party report
4.	Context of	Competency may be assessed:
	Assessment	
		4. 10n-the-job
		4. 2Off-the –job
		4. 3During Industrial attachment

5. Guidance	Holistic assessment with other units relevant to the industry
information	sector, workplace and job role is recommended.
for	
assessment	

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