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Name:	Index No:
1903/106	Candidate's Signature:
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FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING	Date:
July 2015	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE
Time: 3 hours	To all

THE KENYA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL

CRAFT CERTIFICATE IN SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT CRAFT CERTIFICATE IN BUSINESS MANAGEMENT MODULE I

FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING

3 hours

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INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your name and index number in the spaces provided above. Sign and write the date of examination in the spaces provided above.

This paper consists of TWO sections; A and B.

Answer ALL the questions in section A in the spaces provided in this question paper. Answer any FOUR questions from section B in the spaces provided after each question. Marks for each question are as indicated.

Do NOT remove any pages from this question paper.

Candidates should answer the questions in English.

For Examiner's Use Only

Section	Question	Maximum Score	Candidate's Score
A	1 - 20	40	
		15	
В		15	
		15	
		15	
7	Total Score	100	

This paper consists of 21 printed pages.

Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all the pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.

SECTION A (40 marks)

Answer ALL questions in this section in the spaces provided.

Complet	e the gaps in th	ne table below:		
	Assets	Liabilities	Capital	
Case	Ksh.	Ksh.	Ksh.	
(i)	20,000	8,000		
(ii) (iii)	55,000	2,000	32,000 52,000	
				(3 marks
State two	errors that ma	v not affect the as	greement of a trial balance.	(2 marks



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	e of a credit note.	(1 mark)
Mwema paid Ks Calculate the lis	sh. 14,250 for goods purchased, after receiving a cash discour st price of the goods.	nt of 5%. (2 marks
The following it	nformation was extracted from the records of Tabu Traders fo	or the month of
	Ksh.	
Casas profit	180,000	
Gross profit Wages	64,000	
Rent receivable		
	net profit for the month.	(2 mark
A commuter ho	s a cost of Ksh. 160,000 and an estimated useful life of six ye on reducing balance method at the rate of 10% per annum.	ars. The compute
is depreciated		
is depreciated	ate the value of the computer at the end of the first two years;	
is depreciated (i) Calcula		
(i) Calcula (ii) The ma	arket price of the computer at the end of the second year is Ks	h. 70,000.
(i) Calcula (ii) The ma		th. 70,000. e and the market
(i) Calcula (ii) The ma	arket price of the computer at the end of the second year is Ks	th. 70,000. e and the market
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(i) Calcula (ii) The ma	arket price of the computer at the end of the second year is Ks	h. 70,000.
(i) Calcula (ii) The ma	arket price of the computer at the end of the second year is Ks y one possible cause of the difference between the book value	th. 70,000. e and the market

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Wasser St.	
Wages owing: 1 January 2013 24,000	
31 December 2013 27,000	
Wages paid during the year 158,000	
Calculate the wage expense for the year 2013.	(2 mar
The following information has been provided by Viva Traders for the month	
Ksh.	
Creditors: 1 June 2014 25,000	
30 June 2014 30,000	
Payments to creditors 192,000	
Calculate the credit purchases for the month.	(2 marks
Highlight the use of a cashbook.	(1 mark
Highlight the meaning of the term 'prudence concept'.	(2 marks)

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(ii) Payment of	furniture by cheque rent in cash ning of 'subscriptions' in	Debit a non-profit makin	Credit	
lighlight the mear			g organization.	(2 mark
			B o Buttettion.	
ost of sales losing inventory archases	e of opening inventory fr Ksh. 280,000 55,000 240,000	rom the following is	nformation:	
te the difference l	petween capital expenditu	ure and revenue exp	penditure.	(2 marks)
	ost of sales osing inventory rchases	Ost of sales 280,000 osing inventory 55,000 archases 240,000	St of sales 280,000 osing inventory 55,000 archases 240,000	osing inventory 55,000 srchases 240,000 te the difference between capital expenditure and revenue expenditure.



(i) (ii)	Sales were overcast by Ksh. 30,000; A receipt from a debtor of Ksh. 180,000 was recorded in the cash boo	
		(3 marks)
The co	est of a motor vehicle is Ksh. 375,000. The motor vehicle has a useful	life of 5 years.
Calcu	ciation is calculated using the straight line method. ate the book value of the motor vehicle at the end of 3 years.	(3 marks)
State 1	wo advantages of control accounts.	
		W. T
Highli	ght the use of analysis columns in a petty cash book.	(1 mark)
		he cash book
State	he treatment of dividends received directly by a bank when updating to e of a firm.	(1 mark)



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SECTION B (60 marks)

Answer any FOUR questions from this section in the spaces provided.

- 21. (a) Explain the information needs of each of the following users of accounting information:
 - (i) Creditors;
 - (ii) Owners;
 - (iii) Government.

(6 marks)

(b) The following information relates to Viwanda Enterprises for the month of March 2014. Balances as at 1 March 2014:

50 16		Ksh.
Cash		48,000
Bank		122,000
Accounts payable:	- Mugo	14,500
	- Cheloti	27,200
Accounts receivable:	- Mokaya	16,000
	- Lagat	34,700

Transactions during the month:

2014,

March 2 Paid office expenses for Ksh. 6,105 in cash

- 3 Cash sales amounted to Ksh. 179,000
- 7 Mokaya settled his account by cheque
- 11 Paid Mugo the amount due in eash
- 18 Paid rent of Ksh. 48,000 by cheque
- 20 Paid Cheloti the amount due, less 3% cash discount, by cheque
- 22 Purchased furniture for Ksh. 8,800 and paid in cash.
- 25 Lagat settled his account in cash, less 5% cash discount
- 27 Wages amounting to Ksh. 75,400 was paid by cheque
- 31 Cash purchases amounted to Ksh. 52,000

Prepare a three-column cash book for the month.

(9 marks)



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2021 97 18		
22. (a)	Explain each of the following accounting terms:	

- - Historical cost concept; Business entity concept; (i)
 - (ii)
 - Going concern concept. (iii)

(6 marks)



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343,000

The following are the cash book and bank statement of Genesis Retailers for the month (b) of February 2014:

-	Casl	h book (Bank	column)		
2014 February 1	Balance b/f	Ksh. 172,000	2014 Feb 7	E/N	Ksh.
4	Rudisha	32,000	15	Kiboro Wasike	70,000
16	Kobia	45,000	27	Jeruto	31,000
20 28	Chiku Moraa	64,000 30,000	28	Bal. c/f	207,000

343,000

Bank Statement DR CR Balance Ksh. Ksh. Ksh. February 1 Bal. b/f 172,000 7 Cheque 32,000 204,000 11 Kiboro 70,000 134,000 18 Cheque 45,000 179,000 18 Wasike 31,000 148,000 24 Cheque 64,000 212,000 27 Direct deposit 13,000 225,000 28 Ledger fees

2,000

Prepare:

- an updated cashbook; (i)
- bank reconciliation statement as at 28 February 2014. (ii)

(9 marks)

223,000



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23.	(a)	Classify each of the following expenditure as either, revenue or capital	1
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Legal cost of buying land; (i)

Carriage inwards on plant purchased; (ii)

Carriage inwards on purchases; Purchase of plant; (iii)

(iv)

(v) Repairs to plant;

Electricity bills; (vi)

Painting of buildings every year; Purchase of a carpet; (vii)

(viii)

Drilling of a bore hole; (ix)

Carpet cleaning expenses; (x)

(xi)

Purchase of furniture; Installation costs of a plant. (xii)

(6 marks)



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24.	(a)	Feroda Enterprises purchased a machine for Ksh. 100,000 on 1 January 2011. The
		machine had an estimated useful life of 5 years. The machine is depreciated using
		straight line method.
		For the years ended 31 December 2011, 2012 and 2013, prepare a provision for
		depreciation on machinery account. (6 marks



(b)	On 1 July 2014, Upendo started a business with Ksh. 3,000,000 which he deposited in a
	business bank account. The following transactions took place during the month of July
	2014:

- July 2 Purchased a motor van for Ksh. 1,500,000, paying by cheque
 - 5 Withdrew Ksh. 220,000 from the bank for business use
 - 8 Paid rent of Ksh. 24,000 by cheque
 - 10 Bought goods on credit from Sarah for Ksh. 72,000
 - 12 Cash purchases amounted to Ksh. 40,000
 - 25 Paid wages totalling Ksh. 64,000 in cash
 - 31 Settled Sarah's account in cash
 - 31 Withdrew Ksh. 12,000 from the bank for personal use

	Prepare ledger accounts to record the transactions above.	(9 marks
-		
-	The Later has	

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(iv) general journal. (8 mg) (b) The following information relates to some of the business activities of a firm in the 2013: Ksh. Cash sales 4,395,000 Receipts from debtors 750,000 Debtors as at 1 January and 31 December 2013 amounted to Ksh. 54,000 and Ksh. 45,000, respectively Discounts allowed totalled Ksh. 15,000 Determine the credit sales for the year; Determine the total sales for the year.				14/ 200	
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(iv) general journal.	(b)	(b)			ies of a firm in the yea
**************************************			(iv) general Journal.	(8 mark
			(iii) returns inwards journal;	
(i) sales journal; (ii) purchases journal;					

26. (a) The following information was obtained from the books of account of Mwangaza Enterprises for the month of December 2013:

	Ksh.
1 December 2013 - sales ledger balance	512,000 DR
Transactions during the month:	
Cash received from debtors	130,000
Cheques received from debtors	312,500
Credit sales	461,800
Discounts allowed	24,500
Returns inwards	15,000
Dishonoured cheques	22,000

Prepare a sales ledger control account.

(8 marks)

(b) The following balances were obtained from the accounting records of Mesoti Traders as at 31 December 2013:

	Ksh.
Capital	2,200,000
Debtors	390,000
Creditors	430,000
Cash at bank	220,000
Inventory	150,000
Motor vehicles	1,870,000

- Prepare a statement of financial position as at 31 December 2013.
- (ii) If the capital as at 1 January 2013 was Ksh. 2,600,000, identify a possible cause of the change in capital.

(7 marks)

