APPLY ELECTRICAL INSTRUMENTATION

UNIT CODE: ENG/OS/ET/CR/04/6/A

UNIT DESCRIPTION

This unit covers the competencies required to apply electrical instrumentation. Competencies include; demonstrating understanding of measurements, apply analogue instruments, apply electromechanical instruments, apply digital instruments, measurement of electrical and physical quantities, apply waveform analyzing instruments, applying sensors, transducers and calibrating instruments.

ELEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

	PERFORMANCE CRITERIA
ELEMENT These describe the key outcomes which make up workplace function.	These are assessable statements which specify the required level of performance for each of the elements. (Bold and italicised terms are elaborated in the
Demonstrate understanding of measurements	 Range) 1.1 Units, dimensions and standards are identified in accordance with engineering practices 1.2 Conversions of units is performed in line with standard operating procedures 1.3 Dimensions of various quantities are determined based on their applications 1.4 Measurement standards are identified as per their applications 1.5 Measurement errors are determined based on standard operating procedures 1.6 Accuracy, precision, resolution, sensitivity and significant figures are determined in line with standard operating procedures 1.7 Instruments are applied as per their functionality
2. Apply analogue instruments	 2.1 Analogue meters are classified based on their functionality 2.2 Analogue meters are applied in line with standard operating procedures 2.3 Errors are determined based on the instruments and component error combinations 2.4 Errors are analysed as per standard operating procedures
3. Apply electromechanical instruments	 3.1 Permanent magnet moving coil (PMC) instruments are applied as per standard operating procedures 3.2 PMC is applied in accordance with their application in the galvanometers, dc ammeters,

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workplace function.	(Bold and italicised terms are elaborated in the Range)
	dc voltmeters, ac ammeters and ac voltmeters 3.3 Iron moving instruments are applied as per standard operating procedure 3.4 Internal resistances for ammeters and voltmeters are determined in line with established
	procedures 3.5 Types of electromechanical instruments are applied basing on their function and range applications
	3.6 Electrodynamics instruments are applied in accordance with their functionality
	3.7 Electrodynamics instruments are applied in consideration of their applications as voltmeter, ammeter and wattmeter
	3.8 Energy meters are applied as per standard operating procedure
4. Apply digital instruments	4.1 Demonstrate understanding of logic gates based on their applications
mstruments	4.2 Demonstrate understanding of digital counting as per standard operating procedures
	4.3 Demonstrate understanding of flip flops circuits basing on their applications
	4.4 Demonstrate understanding of LEDs, LCDs, & seven segment displays, encoders, as per standard operating procedure
	4.5 Analogue to digital converters are determined based on their applications
	4.6 Digital to analogue converters are determined based on based on applications
	4.7 Digital instruments accuracy and resolutions are determined as per their functionalities.
Measure electrical and physical quantities	5.1 Identify methods of resistance measurements in regard to standard operating procedures
physical qualitates	5.2 Wheatstone bridge resistance measurement is performed as per standard operating procedures
	5.3 High resistance measurement are performed as per standard operating procedures
	5.4 RC, RL and RLC series and parallel circuits are

	PERFORMANCE CRITERIA
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workplace function.	(Bold and italicised terms are elaborated in the Range)
	identified as per standard operating procedure 5.5 Q factor is determined based on standard operating procedure 5.6 Types of AC and DC bridges are determined in regard to established procedures 5.7 Apply digital multimeters as per standard operating procedures 5.8 Apply the Q meters in regard to established
	procedures 5.9 Physical quantities are measured according as per the SOPs
6. Apply waveform analysing instruments	 6.1 Analogue and digital oscilloscope are identified as per standard operating procedure 6.2 Maintenance of oscilloscopes is performed in
	line with standard operating procedures 6.3 Operation of oscilloscopes is performed based on its applications
	6.4 Oscilloscope specifications are determined in accordance to scope of measurements to be performed
	6.5 Special oscilloscope are applied as per standard operating procedures
	6.6 Performance of a spectrum analyser is determined based on its operation6.7 Logic analysers are applied as per standard
7 Annhy sansans and	operating procedures 7.1 Sensors and transducers are identified in line
7. Apply sensors and transducers	with their applications 7.2 Sensors and transducers are classified as per their
	functionality 7.3 Sensors and transducers are determined in line with their specifications
	7.4 Signal processors are identified based on their processing ratings7.5 Signal processors are identified in line with their
	 applications Data presentation methods are determined based on the nature of the output signal displays

	PERFORMANCE CRITERIA
ELEMENT	These are assessable statements which specify the
These describe the key	required level of performance for each of the
outcomes which make up	elements.
workplace function.	(Bold and italicised terms are elaborated in the
	Range)
8. Calibrate instruments	8.1 <i>Digital and analogue instruments</i> are calibrated
or currence instruments	as per standard procedure
	8.2 Instruments are calibrated in regard to their
	deflection range
	8.3 Electromechanical and electronic ohmmeter are
	calibrated in line with standard operating
	procedures
	8.4 Wattmeter, voltmeter and ammeter is calibrated
	as per standard operating procedure
	8.5 Standard calibrating instruments are identified
	based on their operating parameters

RANGE

This section provides work environments and conditions to which the performance criteria apply. It allows for different work environments and situations that will affect performance.

Variable	Range
IEC Standards may include but not limited to:	IEC 62257IEC 60364IS 732/IEC 60364
2. Output parameters may include but not limited to:	CurrentVoltageFrequency
3. Digital and analogue instruments may include but not limited to:	 Voltmeter Ammeter Ohmmeter Wattmeter Oscilloscope Spectrum analyzer Distortion meter Q meter

REQUIRED KNOWLEDGE AND UNDERSTANDING

The individual needs to demonstrate knowledge and understanding of:

- Digital and analogue instruments
- Analogue electronics
- Digital electronics
- Instrumentation and calibration
- Sensors and transducers
- Physical quantities
- Measurement

FOUNDATION SKILLS

The individual needs to demonstrate the following additional skills:

- Engineering principles
- OSHA, WSHA, and industry safety procedures and regulations
- Operate test equipment and interpret results
- Metering and interconnection
- Teamwork
- Troubleshooting
- · Read and understand
- Symbols and schematics



EVIDENCE GUIDE

This provides advice on assessment and must be read in conjunction with the performance criteria, required skills and understanding and range.

performance erroria, required skins and anderstanding and range.	
1. Critical Aspects	Assessment requires evidence that the candidate:
of Competency	1.1 Identified units, dimensions and standards in line with engineering practices
	1.2 Performed conversions of units in line with standard operating procedures
	1.3 Determined dimensions of various quantities in line with their applications
	1.4 Classified analogue meters as per their functionality
	1.5 Applied analogue meters in line with standard operating procedures
	1.6 Identified errors in analogue meters as per effect on measurements
	1.7 Applied the permanent- magnet moving coil (PPMC)
	instrument as per standard operating procedures

- 1.8 Applied PPMC based on the application in the galvanometers, dc ammeters, dc voltmeters, ac ammeters and ac voltmeters
- 1.9 Applied moving iron instruments as per standard operating procedure
- 1.10 Applied electrodynamics instruments as per their functionality
- 1.11 Demonstrated understanding of logic gates in regard to their application
- 1.12 Demonstrated understanding of latches registers and counters.
- 1.13 Demonstrated understanding of flip flops in line with their applications
- 1.14 Demonstrated understanding of LEDs, LCDs, & seven segment displays, encoders, decoders, duplex and optical fibre based on standard operating procedure
- 1.15 Determined analogue to digital converters are determined as per their applications
- 1.16 Identified methods of resistance measurements as per standard operating procedures
- 1.17 Performed Wheatstone bridge resistance measurement as per standard operating procedures
- 1.18 Identified RLC, RC and RL series and parallel circuits in line with standard operating procedure
- 1.19 Determined Q factor using standard operating procedure
- 1.20 Determined types of AC and DC bridges using established procedures
- 1.21 Applied digital multimeters as per standard operating procedures
- 1.22 Identified analogue and digital oscilloscope based on standard operating procedure
- 1.23 Performed maintenance of oscilloscopes in line with standard operating procedures
- 1.24 Performed operation of oscilloscopes as per its applications
- 1.25 Determined oscilloscope specifications based on the scope of measurements to be performed
- 1.26 Applied special oscilloscope as per standard operating procedures
- 1.27 Determined basic circuitry of a distortion meter based on the meter configuration
- 1.28 Determined performance of distortion meter in line with scope of work to be performed
- 1.29 Identified sensors and transducers in line with their applications
- 1.30 Classified sensors and transducers based on their

	functionality
	1.31 Determined sensors and transducers in line with their
	specifications
	1.32 Identified signal processors in line with their
	applications
	1.33 Determined data presentation methods basing on the
	nature of the output signal displays
	1.34 Calibrated digital and analogue instruments as per
	standard operating procedure
	1.35 Calibrated instruments based on their deflection range
	1.36 Calibrated electromechanical and electronic ohmmeter
	as per standard meters
	1.37 Calibrated wattmeter, voltmeter and ammeter in line
	with standard operating procedure
	1.38 Identified standard calibrating instruments based on
	their operating parameters
2. Resource	Resources the same as that of workplace are advised to be
Implications	applied
implications	Included: Digital and analogue instruments, oscilloscopes,
	sensors, transducers etc.
3. Methods of	Competency may be assessed through:
Assessment	3.1 Oral questioning
	3.2 Practical Tests
	3.3 Written Tests
	3.4 Written tests
4. Context of Assessment	Competency may be assessed
	On job
	Off job
	During Industrial Attachment
5. Guidance	Holistic assessment with other units relevant to the industry
information for assessment	sector, workplace and job role is recommended.